

Minnesota Revenue Volatility

MINNESOTA MANAGEMENT & BUDGET MMB.STATE.MN.US

Minnesota's taxes make varying contributions to tax policy goals

- General goals:
 - Limited impact on economic choices (efficiency)
 - Equal treatment of equals (horizontal equity)
 - Simplicity
- Among other relevant goals:
 - Ability to pay (vertical equity)
 - Revenue stability

Today's focus

Source: Minnesota Tax Expenditure Review Report, 2011

Revenue volatility and growth vary by source

	Trend Growth Rate ^{1,2}	Revenue Volatility ³	Share of FY2014-15 Revenues ⁴	Share of FY2016-17 Revenues
Individual Income Tax	4.0%	6.8%	50.3%	52.0%
General Sales Tax	2.6%	3.4%	26.1%	25.9%
Corporate Franchise Tax	7.0%	15.8%	6.8%	6.3%
Property Tax	2.3%	1.6%	4.3%	4.1%
Other Revenue	0.5%	5.9%	12.5%	11.7%
Total General Fund Revenue	3.3%	4.3%	100%	100%
Inflation	1.7%	1.0%	N/A	N/A

^{1.} Based on current law.

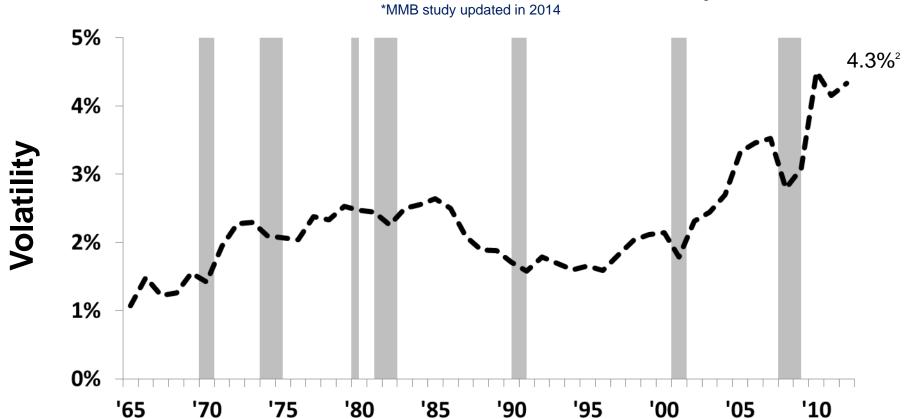
^{2.} Annual, 2012 estimate; Measured using a Hodrick-Prescott filter.

^{3.} Annual, 2012 estimate; Measured by a time-varying standard deviation.

^{4.} General Fund; November 2014 Budget & Economic Forecast

Minnesota's revenue volatility has increased since mid-1990s

Minnesota General Fund Revenue Volatility



- 1. Based on current law tax base.
- 2. 2012 estimated conditional standard deviation of Minnesota's General Fund revenue.

Economic factors primarily drive increased revenue volatility

- Some tax base components are more volatile:
 - Sales tax base
 - Corporate tax base
 - Wages and salaries
 - Non-wage income, including capital gains
- More volatile non-wage sources make up a larger share of individual taxable income.

Revenue volatility and forecast inform budget reserve recommendation

	Current \$ Level ¹	% of FY 2014-15 Non-Dedicated Revenues	% of FY 2016-17 Non-Dedicated Revenues
Budget Reserve Account	\$994 million	2.5%	2.4%
Cash Flow Account	\$350 million	0.9%	0.8%
Total Current Reserves Balance	\$1.344 billion	3.4%	3.2%
MMB Recommendation:			
FY2014-15	\$1.990 billion	5.1%	-
FY2016-17	\$2.166 billion	-	5.2%

Rating Agency Top Scores Guideline (% of Biennial Revenues)²

Standard & Poor's \geq 4% (or \geq \$1.666 Billion in FY 2016-17) Moody's \geq 5% (or \geq \$2.083 Billion in FY 2016-17)

Source: MMB's 2015 Budget Reserve Report (mn.gov/mmb/forecast)

^{1.} Based on November 2014 Budget & Economic Forecast

^{2.} Rating agency guidelines converted from % of annual – as published - to % of biennial for purpose of comparison.